GLP-1 BODY BLUEPRINT: Your Metabolic Match Method

Precision Weight Loss Tailored to You

FD FrugalDoctor



ECTOMORPH WITH BELLY

MESOMORPH

ENDOMORPH

Understanding your body type is a crucial step in achieving sustainable, long-term weight loss. At FrugalDoctor, we know that a one-size-fits-all approach simply doesn't work. That's why our weight loss guide is tailored to three distinct body types — endomorph, mesomorph, and ectomorph — each with its own metabolic patterns, fat distribution tendencies, and nutritional needs. By identifying your body type, you can follow a more personalized plan that aligns with your physiology, enhances the effects of GLP-1 medications, and helps you lose fat more efficiently. This guide is designed to help you pinpoint your body type and follow a science-backed plan for lasting results.

Endomorph Weight Loss Plan

Endomorphs are characterized by a rounder, softer physique with a natural tendency to store fat more easily, particularly around the midsection, hips, and thighs. This body type often struggles with insulin resistance and slower metabolism, which makes weight loss more difficult compared to other types. However, with the right strategy, including GLP-1 medications and a structured plan, endomorphs can achieve lasting success. Our plan focuses on stabilizing blood sugar, enhancing fat burning, and reducing cravings. GLP-1s play a pivotal role by suppressing appetite and improving insulin sensitivity—key challenges for this body type.

Nutrition for Endomorphs

Endomorphs benefit from a lower-carbohydrate, higher-protein nutrition plan that works with their typically slower metabolism. Because they are more prone to insulin resistance and fat storage—especially around the midsection—it's important to focus on lean protein, fiber-rich vegetables, and healthy fats that help stabilize blood sugar. GLP-1 medications play a critical role in reducing cravings and improving satiety, helping endomorphs sustain a lower-calorie, nutrient-dense diet. Frequent, balanced meals can prevent overeating while maintaining steady energy.

Goals:

- Enhance fat metabolism
- Stabilize blood sugar levels
- Reduce cravings and binge tendencies

Macronutrient Breakdown:

- Protein: 35-40%
- Fat: 30-35%
- Carbs: 25-30%

Best Foods:

- Proteins: Chicken breast, turkey, grass-fed beef, fish, tofu, eggs
- Vegetables: Leafy greens, cruciferous vegetables (broccoli, cauliflower), bell peppers, zucchini
- Fruits: Berries (low glycemic), grapefruit, green apple
- Healthy Fats: Avocado, olive oil, nuts (almonds, walnuts), seeds (chia, flaxseed)
- Complex Carbs: Quinoa, sweet potatoes, oats (limited amounts)

Foods to Avoid:

- Refined sugars and sweets
- White bread, pasta, and rice
- Fried and fast foods
- Processed snacks and sugary drinks
- Alcohol and high-calorie coffee drinks

Sample Meal Plan:

Breakfast: Scrambled eggs with spinach and avocado + green tea
Snack: Greek yogurt with chia seeds
Lunch: Grilled chicken breast + roasted vegetables + small sweet potato
Snack: Celery with almond butter
Dinner: Salmon with quinoa and steamed broccoli
Dessert (optional): Small piece of 85% dark chocolate

Exercise for Endomorphs

To counter metabolic sluggishness, endomorphs should engage in consistent physical activity that includes both cardio and resistance training. High-frequency cardio sessions (such as brisk walking, cycling, or HIIT) help burn fat and improve cardiovascular health, while strength training 3–4 times a week builds lean muscle that can elevate basal metabolic rate. The combination of GLP-1 medications and a structured workout regimen creates a powerful synergy for lasting fat loss.

Goals:

- Increase calorie burn
- Improve insulin sensitivity
- Build lean muscle

Cardio:

- 4–5 sessions per week (30–45 min)
- Moderate to high intensity: brisk walking, swimming, cycling, elliptical

Strength Training:

- 3x/week full-body workouts
- Moderate weights, 12–15 reps, 2–3 sets
- Focus on compound movements: squats, lunges, deadlifts, push-ups

Bonus:

• Include 2 HIIT workouts per week (20–25 mins)

Lifestyle & GLP-1 Support

- Stay hydrated (at least 80 oz/day)
- Track progress using an app or our progress log
- Practice mindful eating techniques (slow chewing, portion awareness)
- Maintain a consistent sleep schedule (7–9 hrs/night)
- Weekly or biweekly check-ins with a provider
- Monitor digestion and bowel habits on GLP-1s



Mesomorph Weight Loss Plan

Mesomorphs have a naturally athletic build and a balanced ratio of muscle to fat. They typically respond well to both exercise and nutrition adjustments, making them well-positioned to see quick results with the right plan. However, this advantage can lead to complacency without a structured program. Our GLP-1 weight loss plan for mesomorphs supports fat loss while maintaining lean muscle mass. We emphasize a balanced macro intake, progressive strength training, and strategic cardio. GLP-1 medications help optimize appetite control and fat metabolism, enhancing the already efficient metabolism of mesomorphs when paired with a science-based program.

Nutrition for Mesomorphs

Mesomorphs respond well to a balanced intake of all macronutrients. Their bodies tend to process carbs more efficiently than endomorphs, which allows for moderate carbohydrate consumption without major setbacks. However, it's still important to choose whole-food sources like sweet potatoes, oats, and quinoa over processed alternatives. GLP-1 medications support fat loss by helping mesomorphs avoid overeating and maintain consistent caloric intake, especially during busy or stressful weeks. The key is eating with intention—fueling workouts while keeping calories in check.

Goals:

- Maintain lean muscle
- Promote gradual fat loss
- Support balanced hormone levels

Macronutrient Breakdown:

- Protein: 30-35%
- Fat: 30%
- Carbs: 35-40%

Best Foods:

- **Proteins:** Lean meats, eggs, protein powders, tofu
- Veggies: All varieties focus on color diversity
- Fruits: Mixed berries, apples, bananas, citrus
- Healthy Fats: Olive oil, avocados, coconut oil, nuts
- Carbs: Brown rice, oats, sweet potatoes, whole grain bread

Foods to Avoid:

- Fried or overly oily foods
- Sugar-loaded sports drinks
- Excess salt
- Alcohol and sugary mixers

Sample Meal Plan:

Breakfast: Protein smoothie with banana, almond butter, protein powder, spinach
Snack: Boiled egg + small fruit
Lunch: Grilled turkey wrap with whole wheat tortilla + side salad
Snack: Handful of almonds + small apple

Dinner: Grilled tilapia + brown rice + asparagus **Post-dinner:** Herbal tea

Exercise for Mesomorphs

With a naturally athletic frame, mesomorphs thrive on structured resistance training with moderate to heavy weights. Training different muscle groups throughout the week, paired with short cardio sessions, helps optimize their strength-to-fat ratio. Incorporating compound lifts and circuits keeps workouts efficient and results-driven. GLP-1s enhance results by managing appetite and reducing unnecessary snacking, making it easier for mesomorphs to hit their fitness goals.

Goals:

- Build lean muscle and tone
- Keep metabolism high

Strength Training:

- 4x/week alternating muscle groups (upper/lower)
- Moderate to heavy weights, 8–12 reps
- Include supersets and drop sets for hypertrophy

Cardio:

- 2-3x/week (20-30 mins)
- Moderate intensity: jogging, rowing, elliptical

Flexibility:

• Stretch or yoga 1–2x/week

Lifestyle & GLP-1 Support

- Meal prep weekly to maintain nutrition
- Track your progress with an app or our tracking log
- Hydration: aim for 90–100 oz/day
- Avoid late-night snacking
- Incorporate a digital food diary



Ectomorph Weight Management Plan

Ectomorphs are typically characterized by a naturally lean frame, narrow shoulders, and a fast metabolism. However, having an ectomorph body type does *not* necessarily mean someone is underweight or free from excess fat. Many ectomorphs—especially as they age, experience hormonal changes, or live a sedentary lifestyle—may accumulate fat around the abdomen or develop visceral fat, particularly in the belly region. This is an important distinction for both patients and providers: a thin appearance overall does not equate to optimal metabolic health. Fat distribution patterns, insulin sensitivity, and muscle mass are all critical factors in evaluating someone's candidacy for GLP-1 treatment.

At FrugalDoctor, we understand that some ectomorphs may struggle with stubborn pockets of fat—especially around the midsection—that are resistant to diet and exercise alone. For these individuals, GLP-1 medications can be used judiciously to assist with appetite regulation and fat redistribution, while still supporting muscle preservation and healthy weight maintenance. Our evidence-based approach ensures that any use of weight-loss medication is guided by clinical need, not appearance alone. Our goal is to help each patient, regardless of their body type, achieve a healthier body composition and improved metabolic function.

Nutrition for Ectomorphs

Ectomorphs often struggle with gaining weight and muscle due to a fast metabolism. This means their primary nutritional focus should be increasing caloric intake through dense, whole foods that provide both energy and nourishment. While GLP-1 medications are typically prescribed at lower doses for ectomorphs, they can still be useful in curbing unhealthy cravings without suppressing appetite excessively. Frequent meals and snacks rich in quality proteins, complex carbohydrates, and healthy fats support muscle gain and metabolic balance.

Goals:

- Build and preserve lean mass
- Sustain steady calorie intake
- Improve metabolic efficiency and manage central fat deposits
- Ectomorphs aren't always underweight.
- The program is appropriate for ectomorphs with abdominal or visceral fat.
- GLP-1 use is medically justified when addressing metabolic health—not cosmetic thinness.

Macronutrient Breakdown:

- **Protein:** 25-30%
- Fat: 25-30%
- Carbs: 40-50%

Best Foods:

- Proteins: Eggs, protein shakes, chicken, beans, lentils
- Carbs: Brown rice, oats, pasta, potatoes, bananas, whole wheat bread
- Fats: Nut butters, oils, full-fat dairy
- Fruits/Veggies: All fruits, dense vegetables like carrots, peas, corn

Foods to Avoid:

- Low-calorie/low-fat diet products
- Excess caffeine
- Skipping meals
- Smoking/vaping (appetite suppressant)

Sample Meal Plan:

Breakfast: Oatmeal + almond butter + banana + protein shake
Snack: Trail mix or protein bar
Lunch: Chicken pasta bowl + side of avocado toast
Snack: Greek yogurt + granola
Dinner: Grilled steak + mashed potatoes + mixed vegetables
Evening Snack: Cottage cheese + honey + walnuts

Exercise for Ectomorphs

Ectomorphs should minimize excessive cardio and instead concentrate on resistance training to build and preserve lean muscle. Strength training 4–5 times per week using heavy weights and low repetitions is ideal. Exercises should focus on compound movements such as squats, deadlifts, and presses to stimulate multiple muscle groups and promote hypertrophy. GLP-1 use should be monitored closely to ensure it supports rather than impairs weight gain or energy levels.

Goals:

- Increase lean muscle mass
- Avoid excess calorie expenditure
- Support fat reduction in the midsection

Strength Training:

- 4–5x/week focused on compound lifts: squats, bench press, deadlifts
- Heavy weights, low reps (6–10 reps, 3–5 sets)
- Add progressive overload every 1–2 weeks

Cardio:

• 1–2x/week light cardio (walking, stretching, short cycling sessions)

Lifestyle & GLP-1 Support

- Eat frequent, balanced meals throughout the day
- Track strength gains and weight trends with an app or our tracking log
- Prioritize recovery and sleep (8+ hours)
- Use lower-dose GLP-1 under physician guidance to preserve appetite balance
- Focus on nutrient-dense meals with consistent calorie intake

Ready to Begin?

FrugalDoctor offers an evidence-based GLP-1 medication program designed around *your* body type. With physician guidance, monthly check-ins, a custom nutrition and fitness plan, and support tools, you're not just losing weight — you're reclaiming your health.

Request Your Appointment in Seconds! You Won't Regret It.

Learn More Today!



